

Torrent

Name: Torrent

Classification: Serif

Designer: Manushi Parikh

Designed in: 2015

Styles: 5 Romans +
5 Italics

The Torrent family is a multi-purpose typeface with large wedge-formed serifs. Its letters have large x-height and wide-open counterforms. Some joins have been opened up, too — between the straights and the diagonals of 'K' and 'k,' as well as the vertical center of the 'R,' for instance. Torrent's letterforms have a higher stroke-contrast model, one that is typical for serif typefaces that are intended for use in lengthy passages of text. Indeed, Torrent is a highly readable text face and will look clear even when used in less-than-optimal printing situations (cheaper paper and ink, high-speed presses, etc.).

Multi-purpose serif family

— *Torrent*

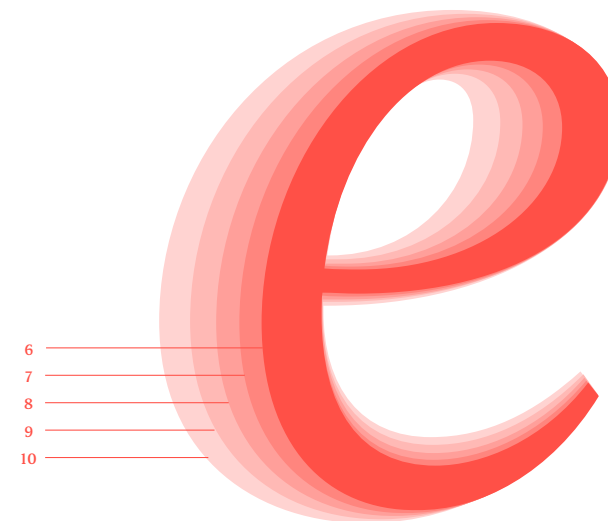
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ROMANS



- 1 Torrent Light
- 2 Torrent Regular
- 3 Torrent Medium
- 4 Torrent Semibold
- 5 **Torrent Bold**

ITALICS



- 6 *Torrent Light Italic*
- 7 *Torrent Regular Italic*
- 8 *Torrent Medium Italic*
- 9 ***Torrent Semibold Italic***
- 10 ***Torrent Bold Italic***

LIGHT

Occasional Suit

¶ The field is mostly considered to be a subset of visual communication

REGULAR

French Cancan

Composition is one of the ›most important‹ features of graphic design

MEDIUM

17th of January

The signage in the London Underground is a classic design example

SEMIBOLD

Inverted View

The handbills or trade cards of the 17th-18th Century were printed

BOLD

Movies Night!

A common example of graphics in use to educate is diagrams of

LIGHT ITALIC

Congratulations

Readability and legibility is enhanced by improving the visual representation

REGULAR ITALIC

Broad Publicity

Typography is the art, craft and techniques of type design, modifying type

MEDIUM ITALIC

Stroke-contrast

Most copywriters are employed within organizations such as advertising

SEMIBOLD ITALIC

Humanization

Examples include the kinetic typography and graphics used in film©

BOLD ITALIC

Justified Guilt

Between the dates of 500. and 1450, also known as the “Dark Ages”

— Époque contemporaine —

Barcelona

SALE DEAL: €209.85

/flight duration — 18h/

NEWS

¶ Cultural aspects of luck [— p.56/73]

$32+89^2\neq45$

Interiørdesign

§ The section sign – Unicode U+00A7

[/MAIN ARTICLE: HISTORY OF GRAPHIC DESIGN/]

History?

Tätigkeitsfelder

¶ Besøkende til europeiske spa begynte å vektlegge bading i tillegg til å drikke vann. Foruten fontener, paviljonger, og «**drikkehaller**», ble badehus i skala av de antikke romerske bad gjenoppvekket.

— COCO CHANEL / NO 5. —

Kreativé

LIGHT
90 PT

Fêatüre

LIGHT
21 PT

¶ The idea of telling a story
grew a monster as some began
advertising in 10–20 lines
adding color, names, varieties,

LIGHT
50 PTBIJZONDER
HAMBURGLIGHT
13 PT

There were clear examples of bias in classified ads
early on in many disparaging notices placed by
masters of slaves and husbands when their slaves

LIGHT
9 PT

Graphic wayfinding signage systems have become very important for
large public spaces such as airports and convention centers. These
systems often depend on graphic design to communicate information
quickly and economically through a color or symbol that can be read
and followed from a distance (as opposed to large amounts of text).

LIGHT
ITALIC
90 PT

Chårmsₓ

LIGHT
ITALIC
21 PT

*¶ The idea of telling a story
grew a monster as some began
advertising in 10–20 lines adding
color, names, varieties, and sizes*

LIGHT
ITALIC
50 PT*BIJZONDER
HAMBURG*LIGHT
ITALIC
13 PT

*There were very clear examples of bias in classified
ads early on in many disparaging notices placed by
masters of slaves and husbands when their slaves or*

LIGHT
ITALIC
9 PT

*Graphic wayfinding signage systems have become very important for large
public spaces such as airports and convention centers. These systems quite
often depend on graphic design to communicate information quickly and
economically through a color or symbol that can be read and followed from
a distance (as opposed to large amounts of text). Such environmental graphic*

REGULAR
90 PT

Ræścâł

REGULAR
21 PT

¶ The idea of telling a story grew a monster as some began advertising in 10–20 lines adding color, names, varieties,

REGULAR
50 PTBIJZONDER
HAMBURGREGULAR
13 PT

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REGULAR
9 PT

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REGULAR
ITALIC
90 PT*Binqirē*REGULAR
ITALIC
21 PT

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REGULAR
ITALIC
50 PT*BIJZONDER
HAMBURG*REGULAR
ITALIC
13 PT

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REGULAR
ITALIC
9 PT

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MEDIUM
90 PT

Æröbıç

MEDIUM
21 PT

¶ The idea of telling a story grew a monster as some began advertising in 10–20 lines adding color, names,

MEDIUM
50 PT

BIJZONDER HAMBURG

MEDIUM
13 PT

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MEDIUM
9 PT

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MEDIUM
ITALIC
90 PT

Krëizte

MEDIUM
ITALIC
21 PT

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MEDIUM
ITALIC
50 PT

BIJZONDER HAMBURG

MEDIUM
ITALIC
13 PT

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MEDIUM
ITALIC
9 PT

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SEMIBOLD
90 PT

Hèrøic

SEMIBOLD
21 PT

¶ The idea of telling a story grew a monster as some began advertising in 10–20 lines adding color, names,

SEMIBOLD
50 PT

BIJZONDER HAMBURG

SEMIBOLD
16 PT

There were clear examples of bias in classified ads early on in many very disparaging notices placed by masters of slaves and husbands who

SEMIBOLD
9 PT

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SEMIBOLD
ITALIC
90 PT

Sålfine

SEMIBOLD
ITALIC
21 PT

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SEMIBOLD
ITALIC
50 PT

BIJZONDER HAMBURG

SEMIBOLD
ITALIC
16 PT

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SEMIBOLD
ITALIC
9 PT

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BOLD
90 PT

Forum

BOLD
21 PT

¶ The idea of telling a story grew a monster as some began advertising in 10–20 lines adding color, names,

BOLD
50 PT

BIJZONDER HAMBURG

BOLD
16 PT

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BOLD
9 PT

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BOLD
ITALIC
90 PT

Milky!

BOLD
ITALIC
21 PT

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BOLD
ITALIC
50 PT

BIJZONDER HAMBURG

BOLD
ITALIC
16 PT

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BOLD
ITALIC
9 PT

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BROAD LANGUAGE SUPPORT

Č̣ḥąńæðýtēş

SHARP CAPS SUITABLE FOR SETTING HEADLINES AND TITLES WITH TIGHT LEADNIG

›THE DEVIL WEARS
PRADA & YOU?‹

5K Ka o t e y b

Annotations:

- LINING FIGURES SLIGHTLY SHORTER THAN UPPERCASE
- FLAT UPPER STROKE ENDED WITH A LARGE SERIF
- LARGE X-HEIGHT
- ANGLED ASCENDERS
- ANGLED BAR TAPERS AT LEFT, INCREASING THE SIZE OF THE EYE
- RATHER LARGE DIACRITICS
- ASCENDERS SLIGHTLY HIGHER THAN CAPS
- QUITE SOME CONTRAST
- CHARACTERISTIC SHARP WEDGE-SERIFS
- OPEN CONSTRUCTION OF 'K'
- MODERATE BOWL
- LARGE APERTURE
- CURVED MODULATED TAIL GAINING WEIGHT TOWARD THE END
- SHORT EXTENDERS

CHARACTERISTICS OF NUMERALS

12345678900

Annotations:

- VERY LARGE SERIFS
- LACK OF TOP SERIFS ON 5 AND 7
- ZERO CLEARLY DIFFERENT FROM UPPERCASE "O"

OUTSTANDING DESIGN OF PUNCTUATION AND SYMBOLS

«{&}»†•‡—*¿[@]?-‘(%)’!
¶Jan. Zarra® BBC© A&B

VERTICAL PROPORTIONS OF TORRENT TYPE FAMILY

Typographics

TRUE ITALICS WITH A CALLIGRAPHIC FEEL AND UNIQUE PERSONALITY

*“We are each our own devil,
and we make this world our
hell.” — Oscar Wilde*

Gy th e f i a s

ASSYMETRICAL
TERMINALS:
COMBINATION OF
SOFTNESS WITH
SHARPNESS

CALLIGRAPHIC
BAR ON THE ‘T’

10° ITALIC
ANGLE

DIACRITICS FOLLOW
THE ANGLE OF ITALICS

RATHER NARROW
& ELEGANT
DESIGN OF
LOWERCASE ‘S’

CHARACTERISTIC DEVIL-LIKE
TAIL WITH UPWARD SERIF

INCLUDED BASIC
LIGATURES

ROUNDED
BOTTOM
TERMINALS

PROBLEM-SOLVING DESIGN DECISIONS

fine flavours

AVAILABLE LIGATURES

ARCHED ARM OF
‘V’ HELPS TO EVEN
OUT THE SPACING

NARROW ‘R’
IMPROVES
SPACING

THANKS TO HEAVY WEDGE-SERIFS, TORRENT GAINS A UNIQUE CHARACTER

SELFRIDGE

LOWERCASE

a b c d e f g h i j k l m n o p q
r s t u v w x y z

UPPERCASE

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O
P Q R S T U V W X Y Z

LINING FIGURES

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 fi fl

LIGATURES

fi fl

CURRENCY AND MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS

¢ € \$ ¥ £ f æ ª ° ¹ º ³ ´ ½ ¾
 # % ‰ ' " † ‡ ⁄ § ¶ + − ± ÷ × = <
 > ≤ ≥ ≠ ¬ ° μ π ∂ ∫ ^ ~ Σ Π Δ Ω
 √ ∞ ≈ e ℓ ♦

STANDARD PUNCTUATION

()[]{} _ - - — ‘ ’ “ ” , „ < > « » * .
, : ; ... ! ; ? ¿ / \ | ! @ & · • © ® ™

LOWERCASE FOREIGN CHARACTERS

à á â ã ä å ā ă ą æ ç ć ċ đ
đ è é ê ë ē ě ě ħ ğ ħ ħ ħ ħ
ħ ì í î ï ï ī ī į i ij j k l l' ł ņ n
ņ ņ ò ó ô õ ö ő ő ø œ r r ř s
ŝ š ş ș ß t t t u ú û ü ũ ū ŭ
ů ı w w w w y y ŷ ý z z ž þ

UPPERCASE FOREIGN CHARACTERS

À Á Â Ã Ä Å Ā Ă Ą Æ Ç Ć Ĉ
Č Ď Đ È É Ê Ë Ē Ė Ę Ě Ĝ
Ğ Ġ Ģ Ĥ Ħ Ì Í Î Ĭ Ī Ĵ Ĳ Ĵ Ķ
Ł Ł Ł Ł Ł Ń Ņ ņ Ñ Ò Ó Ô Õ Ö
Ō Ő Ő Ø Œ Ŕ Ŗ Ŗ Š Š Š Š Š Ţ
Ŧ Ŧ Ù Ú Û Ü Ů Ů Ů Ů Ů Ů Ů Ů
Ẁ ẁ Ẃ ẃ Ẅ ẅ Ẇ ẇ Ẉ ẉ

TORRENT REGULAR 8/13 PT

¶ The design of #typefaces has developed alongside the development of typesetting systems. Although typography has evolved significantly from its origins, it is a largely \$37.50 conservative art that tends to cleave closely to tradition. This happens because legibility is 97% paramount, and so the typefaces that are most readable usually are retained.

In addition, the long evolution of typography is inextricably intertwined with lettering by hand & 124.000 related artistic forms, especially formal_styles, **which thrived for centuries preceding @typography** — and so the evolution of typography must be discussed with Σe25 reference to this relationship.

In the nascent stages of European printing, **the typeface (blackletter, or Gothic) was designed in imitation** of the popular hand-lettering styles of #25 scribes. Initially*, this new typeface was difficult to read, †1854 because each letter was set in place individually and made to fit tightly into the

LIGHT

MEDIUM

SEMIBOLD

BOLD

TORRENT REGULAR 23/26 PT

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TORRENT REGULAR ITALIC
8/13 PT

I The #development of the Roman typeface may be traced back to Greek lapidary letters. Greek lapidary letters were carved ~6420 A.D. into stone and “one of the first formal uses of Western letterforms”; after that, they evolved into the monumental capitals, which laid the foundation for Western typographical design, especially serif typefaces. There are two styles of Roman typefaces: the old style & the modern. The former is characterized by its similarly-weighted lines, while the $\Sigma 15.64e^4$ latter is distinguished by its [contrast of light] & heavy lines. Often, these styles are combined. Computers turned #type_design into a rather simplified process. This has allowed the number of @ typefaces and styles 94.000 to proliferate **exponentially, as there now are thousands available.** Confusion between typeface and font* (the various styles of a typeface) occurred in ~1984 when Steve Jobs mislabeled typefaces as ‘fonts’ for Apple computers and his error has been perpetuated

LIGHT ITALIC

MEDIUM ITALIC

SEMIBOLD ITALIC

BOLD ITALIC

TORRENT REGULAR ITALIC 23/26 PT

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GRASSROOT MOVEMENT IN POLITICS AND ACTIVISM

LAST UPDATE
— 15.24

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A grassroots movement — often referenced in the context of a political movement as defined by Webster's Third International Dictionary, is one which uses the people in a given district as the basis for a political or economic movement. Grassroots movements and organizations utilize collective action from the local level to affect change at the local, regional, national, or international level. *Grassroots movements are associated*

with bottom-up, rather than top-down decision making, and are sometimes considered more natural or spontaneous than more traditional power structures. Grassroots movements utilize a variety of strategies from fundraising and registering voters, to simply encouraging political conversation. Goals of specific movements vary, but the movements are consistent

in their focus on increasing mass participation in politics. The idea of grassroots is often conflated with participatory democracy. The Port Huron Statement, a manifesto seeking a more democratic society, says that to create a more equitable society, *the grass roots of American Society* need to be the basis of civil rights and economic reform movements. The terms can be distinguished in that grassroots often refers to a specific movement or organization, whereas participatory democracy refers to the larger system of governance.

Grassroots movements develop tactics that build power from local and communities

The period typically called Romantic varies greatly between different countries and different artistic media or areas of thought.



Since the early 1900s, grassroots movements have been widespread both in the United States and in other countries.

Grassroots movements use tactics that build power from local and community movements. Grassroots Campaigns, a non-profit organization dedicated to creating and supporting grassroots movements in America says that grassroots movements aim to raise money, build organizations, raise awareness, build name recognition, to win campaigns, and to deepen political participation.



Since the early 1900s — grassroots movements have been widespread both in the United States and in other countries*

¶ A particular instantiation of grassroots politics in the American Civil Rights Movement was the 1951 case of William Van Til working on integration of the Nashville Public Schools. Van Til worked to create a grassroots movement focused on discussing race relations at the local level. To that end, he founded the Nashville Community Relations Conference, which brought together leadership from various communities in Nashville to discuss the possibility of integration. In response to his attempts to network with leadership in the black

community, residents of Nashville responded with violence and scare tactics. However, Van Til was still able to bring blacks and whites together to discuss the potential for changing race relations, and he was ultimately instrumental in integrating the Peabody College of Education in Nashville. Furthermore, the desegregation plan proposed by Van Til's Conference was implemented by Nashville schools in 1957. This movement is characterized as grassroots because it focused on changing a norm at the local level using local power.

Museum
of Architecture/

1866—
now

Local
Stories/

Abandoned
Places/

3
Abandoned Places
&
Local Stories

(IN PHOTOGRAPHY)

The exhibition traveled to Bangkok (2007), Panama City (2007), and Los Angeles (2008). The exhibition also marked the beginning of the international symposium series Sustainable Dialogues, which connected architects, city planners, and environmentalist from Southeast Asia, Central and South America with American architects in each region to exchange ideas and knowledge and propose solutions to issues of ecological disasters, global climate change, and sustainable architectural strategies.

[3]
Abandoned
Places
& Local
Stories

3



THE ARCHITECTURE OF
ARK HAS ITS ORIGINS IN
VIKING PERIOD, RICHLY
D BY ARCHAEOLOGICAL
NDS. IT BECAME FIRMLY
BLISHED IN THE MIDDLE
EN FIRST ROMANESQUE,
HEN GOTHIC CHURCHES
ATHEDRALS SPRANG UP
OUGHOUT THE COUNTRY.

Late in his reign, Christian IV also became an early proponent of Baroque which was to continue for a considerable time with many

**were used
ells, & the
probably
hatched.**

impressive buildings both in the capital and the provinces. Neoclassicism came initially from France but was slowly adopted by native Danish architects increasingly participated in defining the architectural style. A productive period of Historicism ultimately merged into the 19th century National Romantic

style. • **It was not**, however, until the 1960s that Danish architects entered the world scene with their highly successful Functionalism. This, in turn, has evolved into more recent world-famous masterpieces such as the Sydney Opera House and the Great Belt Bridge paving the way for a number of Danish designers to be rewarded for excellence both at home and abroad.

Archaeological excavations in various parts of the country have



Spring /
Summer
2018

\$5.49 — €4.25 — £3.99

INTERVIEW

STYLE

REPORTAGE

HOT NEWS

TECHNOLOGY

FITNESS

*Cherish your
freedom &
leisure time**
/
p.189

*99 fitness
tips for this
summer*
/
p.24



Juliusz Falafel

THE REAL MOOSE



EXCEPTIONALLY
BEAUTIFUL STORY
WITH A SCIENTIFIC
APPROACH

*Their diet consists of both terrestrial
and aquatic vegetation. Unlike most
other deer species, moose are solitary
animals and do not form herds.*

{ 2016 }